Quick Guide

Linux Command Line

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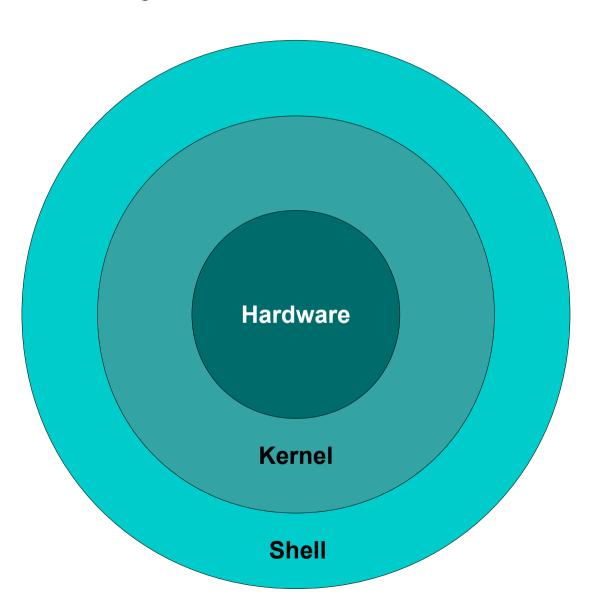
About

- Senior Software Engineer @ SIPA
- Fedora Ambassador @ Fedora Project
- Ubuntu LocoTeam @ Ubuntu Club

Linux?

- Operating System
- "Linux" = Linux kernel
- Linus Torvalds develop Linux kernel
- More than 10,000 developers around the world
- Release under GNU/GPL Version 2.0

Why command line?



Shell

chabu@pirate:~\$

root@pirate:~#

** file and directory is case sensitive **

\$command <option>

Eg: Is -la

** use TAB to complete command **

- whoamishow who you are
- **Is** list file & directory
- cpcopy file

- cd
 change to \$HOME directory
- cd somedir
 change to somedir
- pwd
 show current directory

• mv

move or rename file & directory

- touch filename
 create blank file
- cat filename
 view content in file

• **ps** list the process

pstree
 list the process as tree

cat filename
 view content in file

- tar myfile.tar myfile
 create archive file .tar
- gzip myfile
 create archive file .gz
- tar zxvf myfile.tar.gz myfile
 create archive in tar then gzip

Pipe and Direction

- Pipe | combined shell command
- Direction >,<, >>
 sent out put, sent input
- Step Command line;
 run more command in 1 line

Pipe & Direction

- Is -la | more list all file in current directory with page break
- Is -la > mylistfile.txt
 list all fire in current directory and save the result to mylistfile.txt
- cat mylistfile.txt > mylistfile2.txt
 list content and sent to mylistfile2.txt

Pipe & Direction

- touch mylistfile3.txt
- echo "Hello World" > mylistfile3.txt
- echo "My name is Anuchit.ch" >> mylisyfile3.txt

Editor in Command Line

- vim or vi
- pico
- nano
- mcedit

Advance Command Line

Combine shell script with basic command or shell programming...

Q & A

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